

$$4.9) A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 1 & -1 \\ 15 & 0 & 3 \\ 7 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P(\lambda) = \det(\lambda I - A_1) = \det \begin{bmatrix} \lambda + 5 & -1 & 1 \\ -15 & \lambda & -3 \\ -7 & 1 & \lambda - 3 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= (\lambda + 5) \cdot [(\lambda^2 - 3\lambda) + 3] + [(-15\lambda + 45) - 21] + (-15 + 7\lambda) =$$

$$= \lambda^3 - 3\lambda^2 + 3\lambda + 5\lambda^2 - 15\lambda + 15 - 15\lambda + 24 - 15 + 7\lambda =$$

$$= \lambda^3 + 2\lambda^2 - 20\lambda + 24$$

Αυτοματ. $\rightarrow P(\lambda) = 0 \begin{cases} \lambda_1 = 2 \\ \lambda_2 = 2 \end{cases} \text{ M. alg.} = 2$
 $\begin{cases} \lambda_3 = -6 \end{cases} \text{ M. alg.} = 1$

Ποια $\lambda = 2$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & -1 & 1 \\ -15 & 2 & -3 \\ -7 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} F_2 \rightarrow 15F_1 + 7F_2 \\ F_3 \rightarrow F_1 + F_3 \end{array} \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 7x - y + z = 0 \quad (*) \\ -y - 6z = 0 \rightarrow y = -6z \\ z = -x \quad (-) \rightarrow 7x + 7z = 0 \rightarrow x = -z \end{array}$$

$$\rightarrow \bar{x} = (-z; -6z; z) = z \cdot (-1; -6; 1)$$

~~Αυτοματ~~

$$\text{MULT. GEOM.} = 1 < \text{MULT. ALG} = 2$$

Ponca $\lambda = -6$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ -15 & -6 & -3 \\ -7 & 1 & -9 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} F2 \rightarrow 15F1 - F2 \\ F3 \rightarrow 7F1 - F3 \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -9 & 18 \\ 0 & -8 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} F3 \rightarrow 8F2 - 9F3 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -9 & 18 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{cases} -x - y + z = 0 \rightarrow -x - z = 0 \rightarrow x = -z \\ -9y + 18z = 0 \rightarrow y = 2z \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow \bar{x} = (-z; 2z; z) = z \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{u. geom.} = 1 \checkmark$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_1 \cdot P = P \cdot J$$

\rightarrow siendo $P = [v_1, v_2, v_3]$ $\begin{cases} v_1 = (-1, -6, 1) \\ v_2 = (-1, 2, 1) \end{cases}$

$$\begin{cases} A_1 v_1 = \lambda v_1 \\ A_1 v_2 = [\lambda v_2 + v_1] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = v_1 + 2v_2 \rightarrow (A_1 - 2I)v_2 = v_1 \\ A_1 v_3 = \lambda v_3 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{I} \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} -7 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 15 & -2 & 3 & -6 \\ 7 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right) \begin{matrix} F2 \rightarrow 15F1 + 7F2 \\ F3 \rightarrow F1 + F3 \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} -7 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 6 & -57 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} -7x + y - z = -1 \rightarrow -7x - 57 - 7z = -1 \rightarrow -7x = 56 + 7z \rightarrow x = -8 - z \\ y + 6z = -57 \rightarrow y = -57 - 6z \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow \bar{x} = \begin{pmatrix} -8 - z \\ -57 - 6z \\ z \end{pmatrix} = z \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -6 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -57 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Entonces como $z=0$ y $vz = \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} ; -57, 0$

Por lo tanto

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -8 & -1 \\ -6 & -57 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$